

# Charlotte Democrat.

THIS PAPER IS 43 YEARS OLD

CHARLOTTE, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1895.

VOLUME XLIII.—NUMBER 2218

THE  
CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT  
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
J. P. STRONG.

TERMS.—The Dollar and Fifty Cents in advance  
for 1 year—Two Dollars on time

Entered at the Post Office in Charlotte, N. C.,  
second class matter, according to the rules of  
the P. O. Department.

DRS. MCCOMBS & GIBBON,  
DESIRES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC,  
That they have this day effected into a copart-  
nership for the  
PRACTICE OF MEDICINE,  
AND  
SURGERY.

March 1, 1895. March 15, 1895.  
JOHN FARRIOR,  
404 SOUTH TRYON STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.  
—DEALER IN—  
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Sil-  
ver and Silver Plated Ware.  
Special attention given to Fine Watch  
Repairing.

BURWELL, WALKER & CANSLER,  
Attorneys-At-Law,  
3000S NOS 5, 6, AND 13, LAW BUILDING,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
Jan 4, 1895.

DR. E. P. KEERANS,  
DENTIST,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
OFFICE—7 West Trade Street  
Nov. 2, 1894

HUGH W. HARRIS,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
Office, Nos. 14 and 16 Law Building,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
July 8, 1895.

DR. M. A. & C. A. BLAND,  
Dentists,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
No. 21 TRYON STREET.  
Jan 8, 1895.

CLARKSON & DULS,  
Attorneys at Law,  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
Prompt attention given to all business in-  
volved. Will practice in all Courts of the  
State.  
Office No. 12 Law Building.  
Oct. 7, 1894.

H. N. PHARR,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Office No. 14. Law Building.  
Prompt attention to all business entrusted.  
Special attention given to claims. Practices in  
State and Federal Courts.  
Jan 6, 1895.

THE ACKNOWLEDGED  
—Leading Seals Are—  
BUISTS! — BUISTS!!  
We open our doors, fresh from the grower,  
the only "Buists' Prize Medal Seeds," and  
you are sure of a crop.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO.,  
Jan 29, 1895. Retail Druggists

GO TO ALEXANDER'S  
DRUG STORE,  
NO. 216, NORTH TRYON STREET.  
Keeps a well assorted stock of all articles usually  
kept in a Drug House  
The Poor prescribed for free.  
April 8, 1895.

FINEST LOT  
Ever brought to Charlotte. This is  
no idle boast. We have the finest  
lot of PRIZES in the city. Rich-  
taker's best in FANCY Bottles,  
Cases, Flasks, etc., in GOOD shape  
for an ELGANT PRESENT. IT  
RECOMMENDS ITSELF. IT  
WILL PAY YOU TO SEE IT.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO., Druggists  
Dec 28, 1894.

E. NYE HUTCHISON,  
FIRE INSURANCE.  
Offices—16 East Trade Street; 4 North Tryon  
Street, up stairs.  
Feb. 19, 1895

QUEEN CITY HOTEL.  
In visiting Charlotte,  
Don't fail to stop at the Queen City Hotel,  
Corner East Fifth and College Sts.  
Everything first-class.  
RATES, \$1.00 PER DAY.  
July 6, 1895. W. J. MOORE, Prop'r.

Surgical Instruments.  
A full line of Surgical Instruments at Manufac-  
turer's prices. Call and examine them.  
Mail orders will be promptly attended to.  
R. H. JORDAN & CO.  
Sept 20, 1895

How to Tell Time.  
"My father," said the small boy to the  
woman who was calling on his mother,  
"is a great man. He knows what time  
it is without even looking at his watch."  
"What do you mean Tommy?" asked  
the visitor.

"What, when I follow out and ask him  
what time it is in the morning, he always  
says it's time to get up. And when I  
ask him what time it is in the evening,  
he always says, 'Time to go to bed Tom-  
my.'"—The Waterbury.

Sale of Land.  
By virtue of authority granted to me by E. W.  
Lyles and wife, by deed dated December 4th,  
1891, and registered in the office of the Register  
of Deeds of Mecklenburg County, in Book 79,  
Page 225, I will sell at the Court House door in  
Charlotte, on Saturday, the 14th day of Decem-  
ber, 1895, at 12 M., that tract of land described in  
the aforesaid deed, to wit:

One hundred and thirty-three (133) acres,  
joining the lands of late Mary Wallace and  
others, which was conveyed to said E. W. Lyles  
by Nathaniel Owens, by deed dated February  
10th, 1870, registered in Book 6, Page 639. This  
tract of land is near the City of Charlotte, and  
is highly improved.

Terms—Cash.  
November 28th, 1895. A. BURWELL,  
Nov. 15, 1895. Trustee.

Execution Sale.  
Under and by virtue of an Execution directed  
to the undersigned, from the Superior Court of  
Mecklenburg County, in civil action, wherein M.  
Ogleby is plaintiff, and J. M. Caldwell is de-  
fendant, I will, on Monday, the 2nd day of De-  
cember, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., at the County  
Court House door in the city of Charlotte, sell  
the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said ex-  
ecution, all the right, title, interest and estate  
which said defendant has in the following de-  
scribed real estate, to wit:

One tract, in Crab Orchard Township, begin-  
ning at a small P. O. in W. J. Cherry's line,  
and runs with the same N. 41, W. 39 p. to a  
stone (R. O. gone) Dixon's corner, thence with  
his line N. 43, E. 24 p. to a stone and pointers,  
corner of Lot No. 5, thence with the same  
due E. 120 p., crossing a branch to a Black Gum  
Tree's corner, thence with 2 lines of the same,  
1st S. 15, E. 27 p., 2nd S. 14, E. 20 p., to a stake  
in said line, thence S. 14, E. 20 p. to a stake,  
thence with 2 lines of the same, 1st S. 8, E. 20  
p., to a Sycamore near a spring, 2nd N. 68,  
W. 30 poles, passing a corner of No. 4, thence  
with a line of No. 5, to a P. O.; thence with No. 5,  
S. 64, W. 46 p. to the beginning corner—contain-  
ing 34 1/2 acres.

Also, one tract in Crab Orchard Township, be-  
ginning at a stone in J. E. Caldwell's line,  
and runs thence S. 47 1/2, W. 25 p. to a Plum  
sprout, thence S. 56 1/2, E. 18 1/2 p. to a stake;  
thence N. 47 1/2, E. 24 p. to a stake, N. 65 1/2,  
W. 37 1/2 poles to the beginning—containing 5 1/2  
acres.  
Z. T. SMITH, Sheriff.  
Nov. 1, 1895.

Execution Sale of Land.  
By virtue of an execution to me directed from  
the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County, in  
the case of Hugh W. Harris, Administrator of  
J. F. Moody, (to the use of H. C. Severs) against  
W. M. Hall, colored, I will sell for cash to the  
highest bidder at public auction at the Court  
House door in the City of Charlotte, at the hour  
of 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the second day of  
December, 1895, all that lot of land located in  
the City of Charlotte, North Carolina, Ward  
12, fronting on Third Street, and adjoining the  
lot of O. F. Hall, Amanda Moody, Lucy Shep-  
herd, and C. S. Simmons, and being known as  
the property of W. M. Hall, colored.

This is the 31st day of October, 1895.  
Z. T. SMITH, Sheriff.  
Nov. 1, 1895.

Sale of Land.  
By virtue of a power vested in me by a deed  
of trust, executed by John Brown and wife,  
Mary Brown, on the first day of April, 1893,  
which deed is duly registered in Book 93, Page  
46, I will sell, at public auction at the Court  
House door in the City of Charlotte, N. C., on  
Wednesday, the 20th day of November, 1895,  
the property conveyed by said deed, to wit: A  
lot of land, situated in the City of Charlotte,  
beginning at a stake on the west side of North  
"E" Street, 195 feet from 12th Street, runs with  
"E" Street towards 11th Street 49 1/2 feet, thence  
parallel with 11th Street 195 feet to a stake,  
thence parallel with "E" Street towards 12th  
Street 49 1/2 feet to a stake, thence 195 feet to the  
beginning. The same is situated in Square 224,  
and is known and designated as lot 14, in a map  
registered in Book 74, Page 216, in the office of  
the Register of Deeds for said county.

Terms—"Cash."  
This 14th day of October, 1895.  
W. C. MAXWELL, Trustee  
Oct. 18, 1895.

Sale of Land.  
By virtue of a power vested in me by a deed  
of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg County,  
made in a Special Proceeding pending  
between said court, entitled R. W. Logan and wife,  
E. B. Logan, J. B. Eaves and wife, A. J. Eaves,  
and others, ex parte, I will sell at public auction,  
at the Court House door in the City of Charlotte,  
on Monday, the 2nd day of December, 1895, at  
12 o'clock M., a valuable tract of farming land,  
situated in Long Creek Township, in Mecklen-  
burg County, N. C., adjoining the lands of E. A.  
McAuliffe, Mrs. S. S. Alexander and others,  
known as the "Wharton Place," containing 385  
acres.

The property will be sold for division.  
Terms of sale, one third cash, one third  
payable in one year and balance payable in two  
years. This the 30th day of October, 1895.  
W. C. MAXWELL, Commissioner.  
Nov. 1, 1895.

SPECIAL.  
\$30.00 PAY FOR SCHOLARSHIP.  
For complete Business or Shorthand Course for  
the NEXT FIFTEEN DAYS! Bookkeeping taught  
from ACTUAL BUSINESS PHAC-  
TICE! No text books used. The best system  
of Shorthand in print—ISAAC PITTMAN!  
Send for Catalogue and pamphlet, "Which  
system of Shorthand shall we learn?"

J. E. HUDSON,  
Principal.  
Nov. 8, 1895.

Administrator's Notice.  
All persons having claims against the estate of  
Mrs. Sallie J. DeArmon deceased, are hereby  
notified to present them to me, properly attested,  
on or before the 6th day of October, 1895. All  
persons indebted to said estate are notified to  
make payment to me, without delay.  
This 2nd day of October, 1895.  
Adm'r. of estate, Mrs. J. DeArmon.  
Oct. 4th, 1895.

CROWELL & HENDERSON,  
327 East Trade Street  
Staple and Fancy Groceries, Vege-  
tables, fruits, etc.,  
AT  
BOTTOM PRICES  
May 1, 1895.

Lament of A Little Girl.  
My brother Will, he used to be  
The nicest kind of a girl;  
He wore a little dress like me  
And had his hair in curls.  
He played with dolls and tea-sets then,  
And every kind of toy.  
But all those good old times are gone—  
Will turned into a boy.

Mamma has made him little suits  
With pockets in the pants,  
And cut off all his yellow curls  
And sent them to my aunts;  
And Will, he was so pleased, I believe  
He almost jumped with joy;  
But I must own I didn't like  
Will turned into a boy.

And now he plays with horrid toys  
I don't know how to spin,  
And marbles that I try to shoot,  
But never hit nor win;  
And leap-frog—I can't give a "back"  
Like Charley, Frank or Roy—  
O, no one knows how I feel  
Since Will has turned a boy.

I have to wear frocks just the same,  
And now they're mostly white;  
I have to sit and just good,  
But Will can climb and fight,  
But I must keep my dresses nice,  
And wear my hair curl.

And worse—O, worstest thing of all—  
I have to stay a girl.  
—Exchange

How to Estimate Trolley Car Speed.  
There is in the public mind a confusion  
of ideas as to the speed of electric street  
cars. Two inexperienced observers guessing  
at this speed will rarely come within  
miles of the correct estimate. Yet it is  
possible for anybody, by a simple calcu-  
lation, to arrive at very nearly accurate  
information. An electric car going at  
the rate of a mile an hour travels 88 feet  
in a minute. At two miles an hour it  
travels twice that distance in a minute, or  
176 feet. At three miles an hour the dis-  
tance travelled in a minute is three times  
88, or 264 feet. This distance of 264  
feet is about the length of an average  
city block. If it takes a car a minute to  
go a block the rate of speed is three miles  
an hour. If the car goes two blocks in a  
minute the rate is about six miles an  
hour. Three blocks in a minute means  
nine miles an hour. Four blocks in a  
minute indicates a speed of about twelve  
miles an hour. At five blocks in a  
minute a car is going fifteen miles an  
hour. When six blocks are traversed in  
a minute the speed is eighteen miles an  
hour. A rate of seven blocks in a min-  
ute is a speed of twenty-one miles an  
hour. It must be understood that average  
blocks are required to make good such  
estimates.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month  
So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St., South  
Carolina, was told by a doctor that his  
son had lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria  
and he spent three hundred and seventy-five  
dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up,  
saying, "Your boy won't live a month." He  
tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bot-  
tles restored him to health and enabled him to  
go to work a perfectly well man. He owes  
his present good health to the use of Dr. King's  
New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in  
the world for lung trouble. Trial Bottles Free  
at Burwell & Dunn's Drug Store.

Hudson's Business University  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.  
For a thorough and practical Business Educa-  
tion. Actual Business from start to finish.  
\$40.00 pays for complete Business Course. The  
only Business College in the South that you can  
try before paying the Tuition. Before making  
arrangements anywhere investigate our course  
of study. Send for Catalogue.

J. E. HUDSON, Principal.  
Sept. 6, 1895.

DISSOLUTION.  
By mutual CONSENT OUR firm is this day  
DISSOLVED!  
The business will be continued as in the past, by  
Messrs. S. S. McMinch & Co.,  
For whom we bespeak the patronage of our  
former friends and customers.

ALL NOTES AND ACCOUNTS DUE  
US MUST BE  
settled promptly so as to close the BUSINESS!  
We sincerely thank  
OUR MANY FRIENDS AND  
Customers for their past good will and patronage.  
Respectfully,  
E. B. SPRINGS & CO.  
Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 1, 1895.  
Nov. 8, 1895.

Men's Satin Calf Shoes.  
Lace and Congress, wide and narrow toes,  
PRICE: \$1.50  
The largest stock and best goods in the place  
at this popular price. All strictly reliable, neat  
and stylish. No other house can do so well for  
you on this class of shoes, as we have them all  
payment to me, without delay. This 18th day  
of October, 1895. GILBREATH & CO.  
Nov. 8, 1895.

Administrator's Notice.  
All persons having claims against the estate of  
J. N. Blankenship, deceased, are hereby notified  
to present them to me, properly attested, on or  
before the 6th day of October, 1895. All persons  
indebted to said estate are notified to make pay-  
ment to me without delay.  
This 2nd day of October, 1895.  
H. N. PHARR,  
Adm'r. estate, J. N. Blankenship.  
Oct. 4, 1895.

Administrator's Notice.  
All persons having claims against the estate of  
W. H. Hagler, deceased, are hereby notified  
to present them to me, properly attested, on or  
before the 30th day of October, 1895. All persons  
indebted to said estate are notified to make pay-  
ment to me, without delay. This 18th day of  
October, 1895. H. N. PHARR, Adm'r.  
Oct. 18, 1895.

Free Pills.  
Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co.,  
Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's  
New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of  
their merits. These pills are easy in action and  
are particularly effective in the cure of Consti-  
pation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and  
Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable.  
They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from  
every deleterious substance and to be purely  
vegetable. They do not weaken by their action,  
but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly  
invigorate the system. Regular size 30c. per box.  
Sold at Burwell & Dunn, wholesale and retail  
drug store.

Pocahontas.  
Pocahontas was married to John Rolfe  
in the church at Jamestown in April,  
1613. The church was a small and primi-  
tive building, and the floral decorations  
were far less costly than those  
which adorned St. Thomas' Church in  
New York when Consuelo Vanderbilt  
was married to the Duke of Marlborough.  
But the Jamestown church was profusely  
decorated with the wild flowers that  
abounded along the banks of the James  
River at that season, and in proportion to  
the population of the Virginia settlement,  
this wedding of Pocahontas, daughter to  
a friend of the Governor, or Marshal,  
of the colony, was made a grander and  
more important event than any interna-  
tional marriage that has been celebrated  
in America from that day to this. A  
glamour of romance has been cast over  
the affair by the romantic writers,  
but there is room for suspicion that their  
accounts of it were inspired from official  
sources. Possibly Rolfe really loved the  
Indian Princess. Marriageable women  
were few in Virginia at that time. But  
it is certain that the wedding was ap-  
proved by Sir Thomas Dale for political  
reasons. By it the friendship of the In-  
dians was secured and the Indian  
struggling colony could ill afford to quarrel  
with them. The colonists were not  
numerous enough to war successfully  
with Powhatan's tribes, and they, also,  
needed the corn and other provisions  
which the Indians supplied. All accounts  
agree that Pocahontas was truly fond of  
John Smith, the first palatise she ever  
saw, whom she had saved from the clutches  
of her father's executioners. Her affec-  
tion survived his departure for England,  
and she was only brought to consent  
to wed Rolfe by the false report  
that Smith was dead. Thomas Rolfe, the  
only child of this marriage, was born in  
1614, but the date and place of his birth  
are not given by the old chroniclers. Prob-  
ably he was born at Farmingdale, John  
Rolfe's plantation, near the town of  
Henricus, in the great bend of the Dutch  
Gap, it was on this plantation that  
John Rolfe first domesticated and culti-  
vated the tobacco plant, a weed that  
grew wild in those parts. In the spring  
of 1616, Rolfe with his wife and child  
went to England with Sir Thomas Dale  
Rolfe was snubbed by the King and court  
but Pocahontas was royally received as  
a foreign Princess, and was treated with  
the greatest consideration by the court,  
and the great people of the realm. It  
was not until she arrived in England that  
she learned Smith was still alive. When  
she saw him in London she hid her face  
in her hands, turned aside and stood so  
for many minutes—for several hours,  
some of the chroniclers say. After stay-  
ing in England a year she started to re-  
turn to Virginia, but at Gravesend, where  
she was to embark, she was seized with  
a fever and died untimely at the age of 22  
or 23. Her son was brought up by an  
uncle, a London merchant. Later  
Thomas Rolfe returned to Virginia, where  
he became a man of importance.  
The "Rollings," the Randolphs and  
other well known Virginia families are  
descended from him. Among the Indians  
Pocahontas had three names, the second  
of which was Amontah. Her real name,  
which the Indians would not divulge to  
Smith during his captivity, lest he should  
cast a spell upon her, was Motaoka.  
Shortly before her marriage to Rolfe she  
was baptized at Jamestown by the name  
of Rebecca.—Globe Democrat.

Where Confederate Money Goes.  
"Did you ever know what has become  
of the greater part of the Confederate  
paper money, with which this country  
was flooded? The larger one is good  
local business man, who had just returned  
from a trip to the Atlanta Exposition.  
"No. Well neither did I until I struck  
Atlanta a few weeks ago. In that town  
I found an old man who makes a busi-  
ness of quietly gathering in all the Con-  
federate bank notes he can find. You  
know the stuff was issued by the ton dur-  
ing the war, and there is any quantity of  
it still floating around. When the old  
man gets a big bundle of paper he sends  
it to Edison, the inventor, who pays a  
good price for it. Edison uses it to  
make carbon for incandescent lamps.  
The paper upon which the Confederate  
notes were engraved was made of the  
pulp of sea grass. This branch of the  
paper-making industry has since become  
a dead art. Sea grass paper, when chemi-  
cally treated by Edison, has been found to  
be the best material for incan-  
descent lights, and so there is always a  
demand for the Confederate bills."—Phil-  
adelphia Record.

C CHARLOTTE  
COLLEGE OF MUSIC  
AND ART.  
18 SOUTH TRYON STREET.  
THE LEADING  
SCHOOL FOR MUSICAL TRAINING  
In the Southern States.  
THE MOST IMPROVED EUROPEAN METHODS.  
Many free advantages.  
Modern Languages taught only by native teachers.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE  
AND  
LITERATURE.  
SPECIAL—KINDERGARTEN,  
GERMAN METHOD  
BOARDING  
Accommodations for Non-resident lady students  
IN COLLEGE BUILDING.  
Every modern convenience.  
Special course in  
PAINTING, DRAWING, AND ELOCUTION  
Catalogues sent on application,  
TERMS MODERATE.  
Call or address,  
CARL S. GAERTNER,  
Sept. 20, 1895. DIRECTOR

For the Restoration and Preservation of  
Fort Raleigh.  
Major Graham Daves informs us that  
the Roanoke Colony Memorial Association  
is to begin almost at once the work  
of restoring the Fort which Sir Walter  
Raleigh's colonists erected upon Roanoke  
Island.

Our townsmen, Mr. Henry A. Brown,  
an expert civil engineer, recently sur-  
veyed the fort and surroundings, marked  
out its bounds and made drawings of the  
same which are now in possession of Maj.  
Daves. Mr. Brown patriotically donated  
his valuable services, for which interested  
zeal the association accorded him a vote  
of thanks at its recent meeting in Raleigh  
and also directed the President to issue  
him a share of stock in the company.

The old fort is shown by Mr. Brown's  
map of it, to have been the work of a  
skilled military engineer. It was of regu-  
lar design and of the style known as a  
star fort. It measured 135 feet from one  
bastion to the opposite one and over 400  
feet around. It was an earthen work  
with wooden palisades. A difference be-  
tween the original fort and the restored  
one will be that it is designed to use  
permanent material, otherwise the Fort  
will present, as near as it can be deter-  
mined upon, the appearance it had in the  
days of the colonists, and the memorial  
to the colonists, the plan of which will be  
decided upon later, is expected to be  
placed within the fort.

The work that will be done upon the  
native forest growth is simply to clear out  
the undergrowth enough to make it pleas-  
ant and attractive and let the rest remain  
according to nature.

The material which Mr. Brown recom-  
mends for marking the outlines of the fort  
and permanently restoring it is coquina,  
the beautiful shell rock which abounds  
near New Bern. It is counted to be as  
durable as the common grades of granite  
or other stone, although it is much less  
expensive, and has in its favor also that  
it is a product of the region in which this  
first settlement on American soil was  
made. Not being found in most regions  
its very novelty is another point in its  
favor.

There is at the island material emi-  
nently appropriate to use in the memorial  
itself, that is to be erected to the colonists,  
provided the memorial decided upon is  
one in which it can be utilized. That is  
the ship's ballast, which was thrown over-  
board these by Amadas and Barlowe in  
1584, the time of their voyage of discovery  
to the island. These stones were  
cast into the waters of the sound because  
the vessels had to be lightened in ap-  
proaching the shore on account of the  
shallowness of the water. The place at  
which they were laid for 310 years is good  
evidence of the fact that it is called Ballast  
point. There are no other stones like  
them, geologically or otherwise, within  
two hundred miles of the island. They  
are exactly the kind that was in general  
use by English vessels where such ballast  
is made use of at all.

The fort lies within a quarter of a mile  
of Roanoke sound, within two miles of  
Albemarle sound and the public road runs  
directly by it.

The Association is in fairly good condi-  
tion financially, though it does not possess  
all the funds it needs. It has about \$400  
on hand and owns besides the Fort tract  
of ten acres another tract adjoining con-  
taining 240 acres which had to be pur-  
chased in order to secure the first, because  
in the sale they could not be separated.

Both these tracts have been purchased  
and the larger one is in good condition  
for farming and trucking land, partly cleared  
and partly well timbered and with a good  
sine beach upon it, but as it is not  
needed to be kept with the fort tract  
it will be sold when an opportunity of  
getting a fair price for it presents itself  
and the proceeds be applied to the further  
objects of the Association.

The regular annual meetings of the  
Association are heretofore to be held in  
Edenton, N. C., on the 27th of April.  
That date has been fixed upon to com-  
memorate the sailing of Amadas and  
Barlowe from England on April 27th,  
1584.

The officers of the Association are:  
Major Graham Daves, of New Bern, Presi-  
dent; W. D. Pruden, of Edenton, Vice  
President; and Dr. John L. Bassett, of  
Trinity College, Secretary and Treasurer.  
His memorial work is one in which not  
only North Carolina but the country at  
large should take pride in, especially  
should all North Carolinians do so. No  
State has done more toward making  
history, and yet few have done as little  
towards claiming the credit for its past.  
If some other State had the honor of pos-  
sessing the site where the first English  
settlement was made in the country, the  
first white child born and the first Chris-  
tian baptism administered to a native,  
the site would doubtless have been marked  
long ago with a towering monument and  
its name have been made familiar in the  
school books of the country. We must  
not only make history but must preserve  
the record of it.—Newbern Journal.

Learn How to Punctuate.  
It may be that some young folks do  
not consider it very important to learn  
the rules for placing commas and other  
punctuation marks in their proper places.  
Here is a story which shows how great a  
difference the place of a comma can make  
in the meaning of the words:

At the office of the burgomaster of a lit-  
tle town to ask him to accompany him on  
a tour of inspection through the schools.  
The burgomaster was out of sorts, and  
was heard to mutter to himself: "What  
is this donkey here again for?" The in-  
spector said nothing, but waited his time  
and with the unwilling burgomaster set  
out on his tour. At the first school he  
announced his wish to see how punctua-  
tion was taught.

"O never mind that," said the burgo-  
master. "We don't care for commas and  
such trifles."

But the inspector sent a boy to the  
blackboard, and ordered him to write:  
"The burgomaster of R—says, the inspector  
is a donkey."

Then he ordered him to transpose the  
comma, placing it after the R—, and to  
insert another one after inspector, of the  
boy wrote: "The burgomaster of R—,  
says the inspector, is a donkey."

It is probable that the refractory offi-  
cial gained a new idea of the value of  
"commas and such trifles."

Here are some queer sentences given  
by the Printers Register, of Brooklyn.  
See if you can tell what is the matter with  
them: "A man was killed by a railroad  
car running into Boston supposed to be  
dead." A man writes: "We have de-  
cided to erect a school house large enough  
to accommodate five hundred scholars,  
five stories high." A geography has this  
"Albany has four hundred inhabitants,  
all standing with their heads to the  
street." On a certain steamboat this  
notice was printed: "Hereafter the  
tickets shall be twenty five cents. Chil-  
dren half price to be had at the office."

A newspaper, describing the doings of  
the convention at Cleveland, said: "The  
procession was very fine, and nearly two  
miles long, as was also the prayer of Dr.  
Perry the chaplain."—Sci.

There are only four days each  
year in which sun and clock time exactly  
correspond. They are April 15, June 14,  
Sept 1 and December 24.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report  
Royal Baking Powder  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Why They Are Tumblers.  
How many times a day do we use a  
word without stopping to think what it  
means? Every day we drink out of a tum-  
bler. Why is the large glass that holds  
our milk or water so called? Years ago,  
Prof. Max Muller was given a luncheon  
at All Souls' College, Oxford, to the Prin-  
cess Alice, the wife of the Grand Duke of  
Hesse-Darmstadt and the second daugh-  
ter of Queen Victoria. There were not a  
dozen guests besides the Princess and  
her husband, and a very agreeable lunch-  
oon we had, with pleasant talk on all  
kinds of interesting subjects. But what  
excited the curiosity of all the strangers  
present was a set of little round bowls of  
silver, about the size of a large orange.  
They were brought round filled to the  
brim with the famous ale brewed in the  
College.

These, we are told, are tumblers, and  
were speedily shown how they came by  
their names—a fitting lesson for the  
guests of a philologist. When one of  
these little bowls was empty it was  
placed upon the table mouth downward.  
Instantly, so perfect was its balance, it  
flew back into its proper position as if  
asking to be filled again. No matter how  
it was treated—tumbled along the floor,  
balanced carefully on its side, dropped  
suddenly upon the soft, thick carpet, up  
it rolled again and settled itself with a  
few gentle shakings and swayings into  
its place, like one of those India  
rubber tumbling dolls babies delight in.  
This, then, was the origin of our word  
tumbler, at first made of silver, as are all  
these All Souls' tumblers. Then, when  
glass became common, the round glasses  
that stood on a flat base superseded the  
exquisitely balanced silver spheres and  
stole their names so successfully that you  
have to go to All Souls' and a few other  
old houses to see the real thing.—Jewellers'  
Circular.

Engineering by a Mouse.  
"While digging holes for telegraph  
poles at Byron, Me.," said a Western  
Union man, "I became interested in  
watching the ingenuity and perseverance  
of a mouse. He fell into one of the holes,  
which was four and a half inches deep  
and twenty inches across. The first day he  
tried to find some means of escape, but  
he did not climb out. The second day he  
did not climb out. He began steadily and  
systematically to dig a spiral groove round  
and round the inner surface of the hole  
with a uniformly ascending grade. He  
worked night and day, and as he got  
further from the bottom he dug little  
pockets where he could either lie or sit  
and rest. Interested witnesses threw in  
food."

"At the end of two weeks the mouse  
struck a rock. This puzzled him. For  
nearly a day he tried to get under, around,  
or over the obstruction, but without suc-  
cess. With unflinching patience he re-  
versed his spiral and went on tunnelling  
his way in the opposite direction. At  
the end of four weeks he reached the top,  
and probably sped away to enjoy his  
well earned freedom. His escape was not  
seen. When his food was put in the  
morning he was near the surface, but at  
night the work was seen to be complete,  
and the little engineer, whose pluck and  
skill had saved his life, had left."

Marvle Done With a Whip.  
A decided sensation has been created  
in Vienna by a man who probably stands  
alone in the world in his particular line  
of performance. This gentleman's name  
is Pinkalash and he is an Austro-Hungar-  
ian by birth. He is an expert or rather  
a phenomenal artist in the use of the gad  
whip.

The first thing he does is to take a long  
lash, stout-handled whip in each hand,  
with with crestra accompaniment, pro-  
ceed to crack or snap them at a terrific  
rate. The sound made by his whips in  
this manner is graduated from a noise like  
a rifle report to the soft click of a billiard  
ball. It makes a curious sort of music  
and serves to show how he can regulate  
the force of each stroke. More interest,  
however, is evinced when he seizes a  
vicious looking gad whip with an abnor-  
mally long lash. It is provided with  
a very heavy handle of medium length,  
ending in a crook. This is his favorite,